

## New Advertisements,

Interesting Questions and Answers  
RELATIVE TO THE 7-30 U. S.  
LOAN.

Mr. Jay Cooke, of Philadelphia, who for so long a time has been the manager of the popular \$500 million 5-20 Loan, has just been appointed by Secretary Fessenden, the General Agent to dispose of the only popular Loan now offered for sale by the Government, viz: the "SEVEN-THIRTY" Loan.

In entering upon his duties he desires to answer plainly the large number of questions daily and hourly propounded to him, so that his fellow-countrymen may all understand what this "Seven-Thirty Loan" is—what are its peculiar merits—how they can subscribe for or obtain the notes, &c.

See Questions. Why is this Loan called the "Seven-Thirty" Loan?

ANSWER. It bears interest, in currency, at the rate of Seven Dollars and thirty cents, each year, on every hundred dollars; making the interest as follows:

One cent per day on each \$ 50 note.  
Two cents " " " 100 " "  
Ten " " " 500 " "  
Twenty cents " " 1,000 " "  
One dollar " " 5,000 " "

See Questions. When and how can they be obtained?

ANSWER. They are for sale, at par, and accrued interest, by all Sub-Treasurers, National and other Banks, and all Bankers and Brokers.

See Questions. When is the interest payable and how can it be collected?

ANSWER. The Coupons Interest Tickets are due 15th of February and 15th of August in each year, and can be cashed at the note, and will be cashed by any Sub-Treasurer, U. S. Depository, National or other Bank or Banker.

See Questions. When must the Government pay off these 7-30's?

ANSWER. They are due in two years and a half from the 15th of February, 1865; viz: on the 15th of August 1867.

See Questions. Must I receive back my money so soon as 1867?

ANSWER. Not unless you yourself prefer to do so—the Law gives you the right to demand from the Government, at that time, either your money or an equal amount at par of the famous and popular 5-20 Gold Bearing 6 percent Loan.

See Questions. How much do you consider this privilege of conversion, into 5-20 Loan to be worth?

ANSWER. 5-20's bearing Gold Interest from 1st of November, are to-day worth 9 percent per annum. If they are worth more at the end of the two years and a half, when you have a right to them, than they now are, the premium added on all the interest you receive, will give you at least 10 percent per annum for your money—but the option is that they will be worth more than 9 percent premium at that time.

See Questions. What other advantage is there in investing in the 7-30 U. S. Loan?

ANSWER. It cannot be taxed by States, Counties, or Cities, and this adds from one to three percent per annum to the net income of the holder, according to the rate of taxation in various localities. All bonds and stocks, except those of the United States, and all mortgages, &c., are taxed, not only by the Government, but by States, Counties and Cities.

See Questions. How does the Government raise the money to pay the interest, and is it safe and sure?

ANSWER. The Government collects, by taxes, internal revenue, and duties on imports, fully three hundred millions each year. This is nearly three times as much as is needed to pay the interest on all the debt, and as soon as the war is ended, the amount not needed to pay the interest will be used in paying off the debt. Our Government has twice paid off ALL ITS DEBT, and can easily do so again. The interest is sure to be paid promptly, and the debt itself is the very safest investment in the world. It is, in fact, a First Mortgage on all lands, all incomes, all railroad and canal bonds, and bank or other stocks, mortgages, &c.

Nothing can be safer, for we are all bonded for it, and all that we are is firmly held for the payment of principal and interest. How foolish those people are, who keep their gold and greenbacks idle and locked up, or purchase mortgages or railroad stocks and bonds, which pay only 6 percent interest, when these Seven-Thirties pay (containing the premium on Five-Twenties), over ten percent, and are so much safer and surer.

See Questions. How many Seven Thirties are there, and how much remains unsold?

ANSWER. There are only about three hundred and twenty five millions authorized by law, and only about one hundred and ninety millions remain unsold.

See Questions. How long will it take you to sell the balance?

ANSWER. There are about 800 National Banks all engaged in selling them; also a large number of the old banks, and at least three thousand private bankers and brokers, and special agents will be engaged in all parts of the country in disposing of them to the people.

See Questions. How long will it take to sell the whole?

ANSWER. In less than three months they will be all sold, and will no doubt then sell at a premium, as was the case with the old Seven-Thirties, the first Twenty-Year Loan, and the Five-Twenties.

The above questions and answers, it is believed, will give full information to all. If not, the General Subscription Agent, or any of the Banks or Bankers employed to sell the Loan, will be glad to answer all questions, and to furnish the Seven-Thirties in small or large sums (as the notes are issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000 and \$5,000) and to render it easy for all to subscribe—thus fulfilling the instructions of Mr. Fessenden, who earnestly desires that the people of the whole land, (as well as the capitalists), shall have every opportunity afforded them of obtaining a portion of this most desirable investment.

LET NONE DELAY, BUT SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE, THROUGH THE NEAREST RESPONSIBLE BANK OR BANKERS.

## Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between W. H. Hutchinson & D. P. Hutchinson, known as the firm of W. H. Hutchinson & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons knowing themselves indebted to them by note, book account or otherwise, will make immediate payment.

THE business will be continued by W. H. Hutchinson.

Beaverville, March 22, 1865. Swpd

## Guardian's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Monroe County, Ohio, the undersigned as guardian of Jno. K. Wylie and Oliver Wylie, will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, on the

13th day of May, 1865,

the following premises, situated in Monroe County, Ohio, to-wit: The south side of lot No. 1, being twenty-five feet front. Also lot No. 20, in the town of Brownsville.

Terms made known on day of sale.

ISABELLA J. WYLIE, Guardian.

## Business Cards.

T. COLPITTS.....H. P. HAGER

## COLPITTS & HAGER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

## FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

## MARBLE MONUMENTS

## Tombs, Head-Stones, &c.,

ON NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS AND OF

## SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP AND

## FINISH.

Persons wishing to purchase will find to their interest to give a call before going elsewhere.

See Questions. Why is this Loan called the "Seven-Thirty" Loan?

ANSWER. It bears interest, in currency, at the rate of Seven Dollars and thirty cents, each year, on every hundred dollars; making the interest as follows:

One cent per day on each \$ 50 note.  
Two cents " " " 100 " "  
Ten " " " 500 " "  
Twenty cents " " 1,000 " "  
One dollar " " 5,000 " "

See Questions. When and how can they be obtained?

ANSWER. They are for sale, at par, and accrued interest, by all Sub-Treasurers, National and other Banks, and all Bankers and Brokers.

See Questions. When is the interest payable and how can it be collected?

ANSWER. The Coupons Interest Tickets are due 15th of February and 15th of August in each year, and can be cashed at the note, and will be cashed by any Sub-Treasurer, U. S. Depository, National or other Bank or Banker.

See Questions. When must the Government pay off these 7-30's?

ANSWER. They are due in two years and a half from the 15th of February, 1865; viz: on the 15th of August 1867.

See Questions. Must I receive back my money so soon as 1867?

ANSWER. Not unless you yourself prefer to do so—the Law gives you the right to demand from the Government, at that time, either your money or an equal amount at par of the famous and popular 5-20 Gold Bearing 6 percent Loan.

See Questions. How much do you consider this privilege of conversion, into 5-20 Loan to be worth?

ANSWER. 5-20's bearing Gold Interest from 1st of November, are to-day worth 9 percent per annum. If they are worth more at the end of the two years and a half, when you have a right to them, than they now are, the premium added on all the interest you receive, will give you at least 10 percent per annum for your money—but the option is that they will be worth more than 9 percent premium at that time.

See Questions. What other advantage is there in investing in the 7-30 U. S. Loan?

ANSWER. It cannot be taxed by States, Counties, or Cities, and this adds from one to three percent per annum to the net income of the holder, according to the rate of taxation in various localities. All bonds and stocks, except those of the United States, and all mortgages, &c., are taxed, not only by the Government, but by States, Counties and Cities.

See Questions. How does the Government raise the money to pay the interest, and is it safe and sure?

ANSWER. The Government collects, by taxes, internal revenue, and duties on imports, fully three hundred millions each year. This is nearly three times as much as is needed to pay the interest on all the debt, and as soon as the war is ended, the amount not needed to pay the interest will be used in paying off the debt. Our Government has twice paid off ALL ITS DEBT, and can easily do so again. The interest is sure to be paid promptly, and the debt itself is the very safest investment in the world. It is, in fact, a First Mortgage on all lands, all incomes, all railroad and canal bonds, and bank or other stocks, mortgages, &c.

Nothing can be safer, for we are all bonded for it, and all that we are is firmly held for the payment of principal and interest. How foolish those people are, who keep their gold and greenbacks idle and locked up, or purchase mortgages or railroad stocks and bonds, which pay only 6 percent interest, when these Seven-Thirties pay (containing the premium on Five-Twenties), over ten percent, and are so much safer and surer.

See Questions. How many Seven Thirties are there, and how much remains unsold?

ANSWER. There are only about three hundred and twenty five millions authorized by law, and only about one hundred and ninety millions remain unsold.

See Questions. How long will it take you to sell the balance?

ANSWER. There are about 800 National Banks all engaged in selling them; also a large number of the old banks, and at least three thousand private bankers and brokers, and special agents will be engaged in all parts of the country in disposing of them to the people.

See Questions. How long will it take to sell the whole?

ANSWER. In less than three months they will be all sold, and will no doubt then sell at a premium, as was the case with the old Seven-Thirties, the first Twenty-Year Loan, and the Five-Twenties.

The above questions and answers, it is believed, will give full information to all. If not, the General Subscription Agent, or any of the Banks or Bankers employed to sell the Loan, will be glad to answer all questions, and to furnish the Seven-Thirties in small or large sums (as the notes are issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000 and \$5,000) and to render it easy for all to subscribe—thus fulfilling the instructions of Mr. Fessenden, who earnestly desires that the people of the whole land, (as well as the capitalists), shall have every opportunity afforded them of obtaining a portion of this most desirable investment.

LET NONE DELAY, BUT SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE, THROUGH THE NEAREST RESPONSIBLE BANK OR BANKERS.

## Business Cards.

T. COLPITTS.....H. P. HAGER

## COLPITTS & HAGER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

## FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

## MARBLE MONUMENTS

## Tombs, Head-Stones, &c.,

ON NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS AND OF

## SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP AND

## FINISH.

Persons wishing to purchase will find to their interest to give a call before going elsewhere.

See Questions. Why is this Loan called the "Seven-Thirty" Loan?

ANSWER. It bears interest, in currency, at the rate of Seven Dollars and thirty cents, each year, on every hundred dollars; making the interest as follows:

One cent per day on each \$ 50 note.  
Two cents " " " 100 " "  
Ten " " " 500 " "  
Twenty cents " " 1,000 " "  
One dollar " " 5,000 " "

See Questions. When and how can they be obtained?

ANSWER. They are for sale, at par, and accrued interest, by all Sub-Treasurers, National and other Banks, and all Bankers and Brokers.

See Questions. When is the interest payable and how can it be collected?

ANSWER. The Coupons Interest Tickets are due 15th of February and 15th of August in each year, and can be cashed at the note, and will be cashed by any Sub-Treasurer, U. S. Depository, National or other Bank or Banker.

See Questions. When must the Government pay off these 7-30's?

ANSWER. They are due in two years and a half from the 15th of February, 1865; viz: on the 15th of August 1867.

## NEW STORE.

J. E. & W. HOLLISTER.

Has just opened out a

## New Grocery

## PROVISION & FEED STORE

## IN WOODSFIELD!

One Door North of Davenport's,

Where he will keep constantly on hand all kinds of Groceries, Provisions and Feed. His stock will consist in part of the staple and grocery

Groceries, Flour, Salt, Bacon, Dried Beef, Cheese, Crackers, Rice, Oysters, Sardines, Beef Tongues, Dried Fruits, Fish, Pickles, Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Canned Fruits, Candles, Nuts, &c.

All kinds of

## Dye Stuffs!

and coloring matter; table and fancy cutlery, soap and candles; a general assortment of NOTIONS, perfumery and fancy articles, cotton and knitting yarn;

## Stoneware and Fruit Jars

Nails, window glass, hay and stable forks and shovels, and well-selected assortment of

## KEROSENE LAMPS!

suitable for parlors, dining and sitting rooms or kitchens. The best brands kerosene or

## SCHOOL BOOK!

and STATIONERY, including the best varied of Cap, Plain and Fancy Note

Paper! Plain and Fancy Envelopes, Pass-Books, Tuck Memorandums, pens, pen-holders, ink and inkstands, &c., &c.

Give him a call. He sells

## Exclusively for Cash or Ready PAY!

WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD BY ANY!

N. B.—The highest price, in cash, paid for Oats, Corn, and all kinds of Feed.

Sept. 28, 1864—6m.

## Tom. Walton's NEW STORE!

ADJOINING THE COURT-HOUSE

CONTAINS

EVERYTHING IN THE GROCERY LINE

both

Foreign and Domestic,

Also

TOYS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STATIONERY,

DIARIES,

LAMPS,

CARBON OIL,

PICKLES, BOTH

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN,

COVE OYSTERS, ENGLISH CURRENT,

Chow Chow, Canned Peaches,

Foreign Fruits, do Strawberries,

Candies, Confectionaries,

Catsup, Pepper Sauce,

Ladies Baskets,

Market Baskets,

Clothes Baskets,

Drums, Buckets,

Apple Peppers,

## Courts for 1865,

## EIGHTH DISTRICT.

We do hereby fix the times for holding

Courts in the Eighth Judicial District of

Ohio; for the year 1865, as follows:

## DISTRICT COURT.

Maskingum County, Monday, Sept. 4

Morgan " Tuesday " 5

Noble " Monday " 11

Belmont " Wednesday " 13

Guernsey " Friday " 15

Tuscarawas " Monday " 18

Harrison " Wednesday " 20

Jefferson " Friday " 22

## COMMON PLEAS.

Noble County, Tuesday, January 31;

Tuesday, May 2; Tuesday, October 11;

Morgan County, Tuesday, February 7;

Tuesday, May 9; Wednesday, October 3;

Maskingum County, Monday, February 13;

Monday, May 15; Monday, October 23.

Monroe County, Tuesday, February 14;

Tuesday, May 2; Tuesday, October 3;

Belmont, Tuesday, February 21; Tuesday,

May 9; Wednesday, October 11.

Guernsey, Tuesday, March 7; Tuesday,

May 23; Tuesday, October 24.

Harrison, Monday, February 6; Monday,

May 8; Monday, October 16.

Tuscarawas, Monday, February 20;

Monday, May 22; Monday, October 30.

Jefferson, Monday, March 6; Monday,

June 5; Monday, November 13.

Done at Steubenville this 26th day of

September, 1864.

EZRA E. EVANS,

JOHN W. OKEY,

GEORGE W. McVAINE,

Judges in said District.

I certify that the foregoing is a full and

true copy of the original order now on

file in my office.

DANIEL WALTON, Clerk,

Monroe County Common Pleas.

November 2, 1864.—4w.

## Legal Notice.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF MONROE

COUNTY, OHIO.

John C. Edington, Administrator of the Estate

of W. C. Edington, deceased,

Nancy Kenny and Frederick Kenny her husband,

Thorton C. Edington, Benjamin F.

Edington and others, heirs of William C.

Edington, deceased.

BENJAMIN F. EDINGTON who is a non-

resident of the State of Ohio, is hereby

notified that said Administrator, on the 10th

day of March, A. D. 1865, filed in the Probate

Court of said County of Monroe, his petition,

the object and prayer of which petition is to

obtain an order of said Court, to sell the fol-

lowing Real Estate, belonging to said Wm. C.

Edington at his last death, to pay the debts of

said estate, to-wit: The south west quarter

of the north west quarter of section seven,

in township five, of range six, in the late

Marietta land District.

JOHN C. EDINGTON,

Administrator of Wm. C. Edington, Dec'd.

March 15, 1865.—4w.

## FAIRBANKS.

## STANDARD

## SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks,

Letter Presses, &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, Chicago.

Be careful to buy only the Gen-

uine. "G"

January 30, 1864.—1.

## Ho! For the West.

## Lands for Sale or Exchange.

I HAVE several tracts of Land in the States

of Illinois, Kansas and Missouri, which I

will sell or exchange for lands in Monroe

County, Ohio. This is indisputable.

Call on me or write to Woodsfield

Monroe County, Ohio.

H. R. MASON.

October 12, 1864.—3m. pd.

## To Teachers.